

Site of public discourse

At the base beneath acropolis

Could be used for many things, such as a market, dramatic play, event, etc.

Had long colonnades called long stoas (used as shaded walkways)

Statues and inscriptions reminded citizens of former triumphs

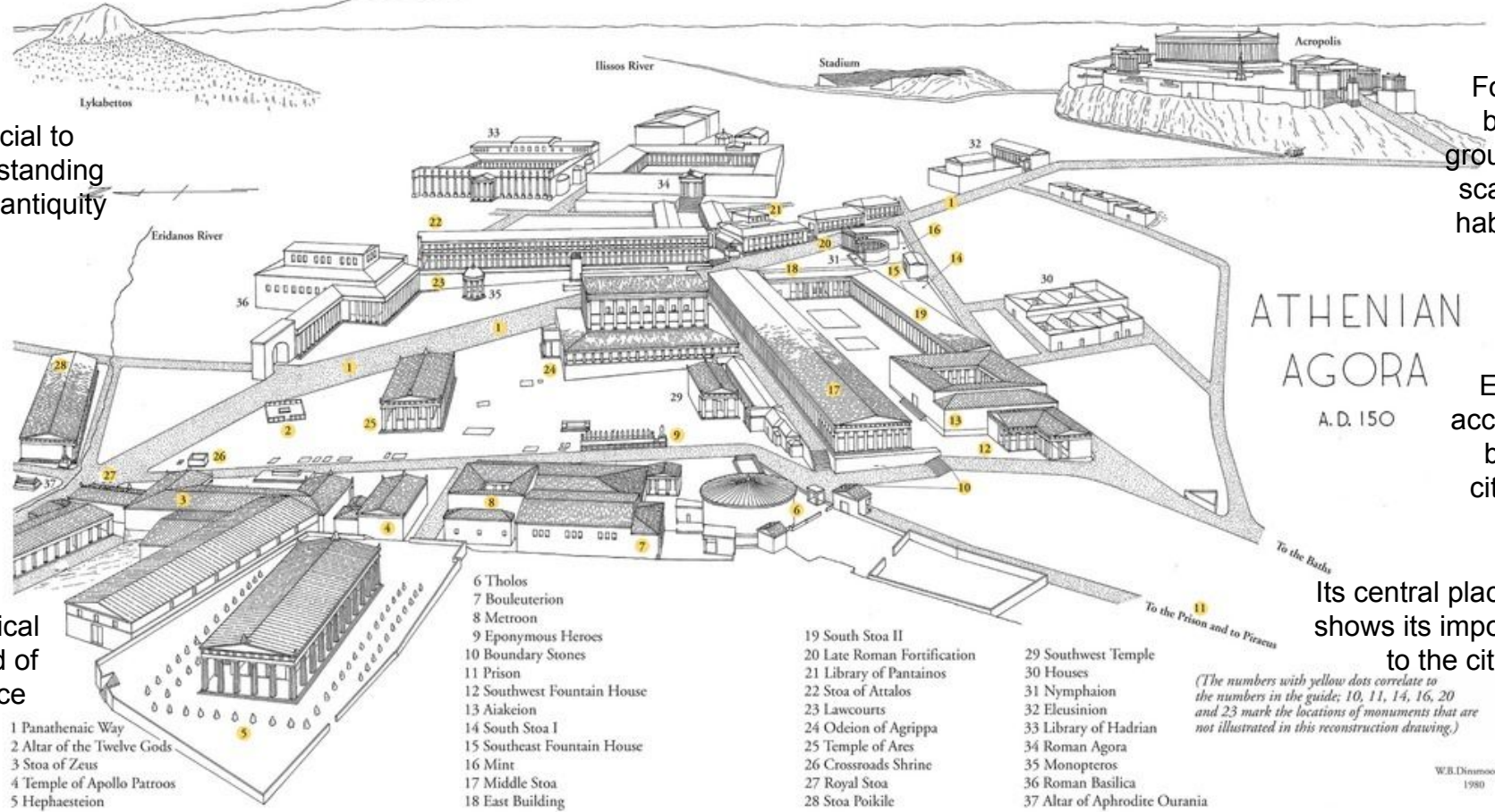
Crucial to understanding greek antiquity

Former burial ground and scattered habitation

Classical period of greece

Easily accessible by all citizens

Its central placement shows its importance to the city



- 1 Panathenaic Way
- 2 Altar of the Twelve Gods
- 3 Stoa of Zeus
- 4 Temple of Apollo Patroos
- 5 Hephaestaeion

- 6 Tholos
- 7 Bouleuterion
- 8 Metroon
- 9 Eponymous Heroes
- 10 Boundary Stones
- 11 Prison
- 12 Southwest Fountain House
- 13 Aiakeion
- 14 South Stoa I
- 15 Southeast Fountain House
- 16 Mint
- 17 Middle Stoa
- 18 East Building

- 19 South Stoa II
- 20 Late Roman Fortification
- 21 Library of Pantainos
- 22 Stoa of Attalos
- 23 Lawcourts
- 24 Odeion of Agrippa
- 25 Temple of Ares
- 26 Crossroads Shrine
- 27 Royal Stoa
- 28 Stoa Poikile

- 29 Southwest Temple
- 30 Houses
- 31 Nymphaion
- 32 Eleusinion
- 33 Library of Hadrian
- 34 Roman Agora
- 35 Monopteros
- 36 Roman Basilica
- 37 Altar of Aphrodite Ourania

*(The numbers with yellow dots correlate to the numbers in the guide; 10, 11, 14, 16, 20 and 23 mark the locations of monuments that are not illustrated in this reconstruction drawing.)*